

The Melodic Organization of *The Rite of Spring*

APPENDIX

PRINCIPAL MELODIES

INTRODUCTION TO PART ONE

Opening Folk Tune (also transposed to A $\flat$ -B $\flat$ -C $\flat$ -D $\flat$)

3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 5 0 3 2 5 0

Bsn.

A ————— D (05)
A — B — C — D (0235)

Nature Melody #1

0 5 2 0 5 2 0 5 7 2 5 0 2

E.Hn.

p *espress.*

C# ————— G# (07)
C# — D# — F# — G# (0257)

Nature Melody #2

3 0 7 4 0 7 3 0 7 4 0 7

Ob.

f

C# ————— G# (07)
C# — E — E# — G# (0347)

Fl. 2 3 0 3 2 5 2 3 0 3 2 5 2 3 0 3 0

p 3 3 3 3 3

A ————— D (05)
A — B — C — D (0235)

Ob. *mf* *f*

7 2 7 0 5 7 2 7 0 5 7 2 7 5 7 5 7 5

5 6 3

Bb ————— F (07)
Bb — C — Eb — F (0257)

7 0 7 5 7 2 5 0 7 0 7 5

Cl.

ff

5

B $\flat$	—	F (07)
B $\flat$	— C — E $\flat$ —	F (0257)

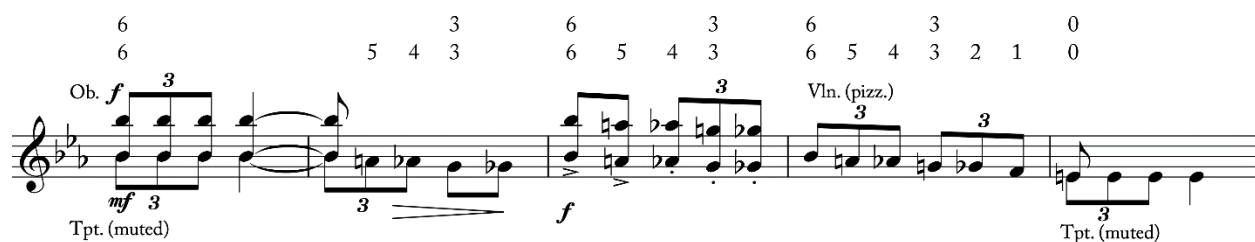
AUGURS OF SPRING

Motto ostinato



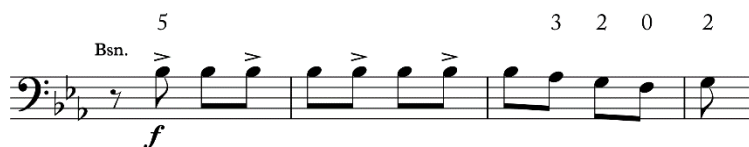
Bb	————	Eb	(05)
Bb	—(C)—	D	— Eb (0235)

Old Woman's Tune (also transposed premonitions in Introduction to Part One)



E	————	Bb	(06)
E	————	G	———— Bb (036)
E	— F —	F# — G —	Ab — A — Bb (0123456)

Young Men's Tune (also transposed to G-A-Bb-C)



F	————	Bb	(05)
F	— G —	Ab —	Bb (0235)

Young Women's Tune (also transposed to Bb-C-D-Eb and A-B-C-D)



G	————	C	(05)
F	> G —	A —	Bb — C (0235)

RITUAL OF ABDUCTION

Abduction Fanfare #1 (also transposed to E $\flat$ -F-A $\flat$ -B $\flat$, B $\flat$ -C-E $\flat$ -F, and F-G-B $\flat$ -C.
Later inserted in Vivo section of Spring Rounds)

7 0 7 0 2 5 4 2 0 7 0 5 4 2 0 7

Fl., Ob., Cl.,
Tpt.

ff

D	—————	A	(05)
D	— E ———	G — A	(0257)
D	— E — F# —	G — A	(02457)

Abduction Hunting Call

5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0

Hn. (solo)

marc.

A	—————	D	(05)
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Abduction Fanfare #2 (also transposed to D-E-F-G-A and recalled in Rival Tribes)

7 5 7 5 3 2 7 5 7 5 3 2 7 5 7 5 3 2 3 0 2 3 5 7

Pic., Fl., Ob., Cl., Hn.

f

E $\flat$	—————	B $\flat$	(07)
E $\flat$ — F ———	A $\flat$ — B $\flat$	(0257)	
E $\flat$ — F — G $\flat$ —	A $\flat$ — B $\flat$	(02357)	

SPRING ROUNDS

Women's Circle Dance #1

5 2 5 2 0 5 7 5 2 5 2 0 7 0 2 7

Cl.

p

B $\flat$ ————— F (07)
 B $\flat$ — C — E $\flat$ — F (0257)

Women's Circle Dance #2

0 2 5 3 2 0 LN 0 2 3 2 0 LN 0

Ob.

mf cant.

E $\flat$ > F — G — A $\flat$ — B $\flat$ (0235)

Spring Rounds Procession (also premonition in Augurs of Spring)

0 2 3 5 3 2 0 2 3 5

Hn. +Fl.

mp

B $\flat$ ————— E $\flat$ (05)
 B $\flat$ — C — D $\flat$ — E $\flat$ (0235)

RIVAL TRIBES

First Tribe's Fanfare

5 3 5 0 1 0 3 1 5 0 1 0 3

Ob., E.Hn., Tpt., Vln., Vla.

E ————— A (05)
E — F — G — A (0135)

Second Tribe's Fanfare (cf. Abduction Fanfare #2)

7 5 7 5 3 2 3 0

Hn.

f

D ————— A (07)
D — E ————— G — A (0257)
D — E — F — G — A (02357)

Women's Entreaty (also transposed to A-B-C-D and D-E-F-G)

2 3 5 3 2 0 2 3 5 3 2 0 2 3 5 3 2 0

Ob., Cl.

mp

C# ————— F# (05)
C# — D# — E — F# (0235)

PROCESSION OF THE OLDEST AND WISEST

The Sage's Melody (also premonition at the end of Rival Tribes)

0 LN 0 LN 0 LN 0 2 5 2 0

Tuba (Ten. and Bass)

0 LN 0 LN 0 LN 0 2 5 2 0

	G#	————	C#	(05)
F#/G $\times$	G#	—	A# — (B) —	C# (0235)

The Sage's Countermelody

The first system of the musical score is for the Horn (Hn.) in 4/4 time. It consists of two measures. The first measure contains a half note G4 (fingered 5), a half note A4 (fingered 3), and a half note B4 (fingered 5). The second measure is a whole rest. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4.

A ————— D (05)
A — (B) — C — D (0235)

DANCING OUT OF THE EARTH

Earth Fanfare

6 4 2 0 2 4 2 0 2

Fl., Ob., E.Hn., Cl., Hn., Tpt.

The musical notation for 'Earth Fanfare' is written on a single staff in treble clef. It consists of nine chords, each represented by a vertical stack of notes. The notes are: 1. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 2. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 3. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 4. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 5. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 6. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 7. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 8. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 9. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9. Below the staff, there are two brackets: the first bracket spans the first four chords and is labeled '5'; the second bracket spans the last four chords and is labeled '3'.

D	—————	G#	(06)
D	— E —	F# —	G# (0246)

Earth Melody #1

5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 3 2 0

Hn., Vla.

The musical notation for 'Earth Melody #1' is written on a single staff in treble clef. It consists of a sequence of notes: 1. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 2. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 3. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 4. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 5. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 6. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 7. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 8. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 9. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 10. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 11. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 12. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9. Below the staff, there are three brackets: the first bracket spans the first three notes and is labeled '3'; the second bracket spans the next three notes and is labeled '3'; the third bracket spans the last three notes and is labeled '3'.

Bb	—————	Eb	(05)
Bb	— C —	Db —	Eb (0235)

Earth Melody #2 (also transposed to C-D-Eb-F)

0 2 3 5 3 2 0 3 LN 0

Tpt. Vln. Tpt.

The musical notation for 'Earth Melody #2' is written on a single staff in treble clef. It consists of a sequence of notes: 1. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 2. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 3. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 4. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 5. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 6. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 7. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 8. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 9. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 10. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 11. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9; 12. F#4, G#5, A#6, B#7, C#8, D#9. Below the staff, there are three brackets: the first bracket spans the first three notes and is labeled '3'; the second bracket spans the next three notes and is labeled '3'; the third bracket spans the last three notes and is labeled '3'.

F	—————	Bb	(05)
E >< F	— G —	Ab —	Bb (0235)

INTRODUCTION TO PART TWO

Mystic Circle first theme (returns at the beginning of Mystic Circle at B-C#-E-F#)

[illegible]Sinuous Counterpoint (also transposed to F-G $\flat$ -G)

0 1 0 2

Tpt.

Bb — C (02)
Bb — Cb — C (012)

MYSTIC CIRCLE

Mystic Circle First Theme

7 5 7 2 0 5 2

Vla.

B	—	F#	(07)				
B	—	C#	—	E	—	F#	(0257)

Mystic Circle Second Theme

5 0 5 3 2 0 3 0 5 0 5 3 2 0

A.Fl.

Eb	—	Ab	(05)				
Eb	—	F	—	Gb	—	Ab	(0235)

Mystic Circle Second Theme (expanded variant)

7 2 5 3 2 0

Cl.

Db	—	Ab	(05)						
Db	—	Eb	—	Gb	—	Ab	(0257)		
Db	—	Eb	—	Fb	—	Gb	—	Ab	(02357)

NAMING AND HONORING OF THE CHOSEN ONE

Naming and Honoring I

Fl. 4 3 1 0 4 3 1 0

Hn.

$D\#$ ————— G (04)
 $D\#$ — E — $F\#$ — G (0134)

Naming and Honoring II

Ob., E.Hn., Hn., Vln., Vla. 5 3 1 0

G ————— C (05)
 G — $A\flat$ — $B\flat$ — C (0135)

Naming and Honoring III

Ob., E.Hn., Hn., Vln., Vla. 4 6 4 2 0 2 0 2

$G\flat$ ————— C (06)
 $G\flat$ — $A\flat$ — $B\flat$ — C (0246)

Naming and Honoring II (variant)

Vln. (pizz.) 0 2 3 0 3

$B\flat$ ————— $(E\flat)$ (05)
 $B\flat$ — C — $D\flat$ — $(E\flat)$ (0235)

EVOCATION OF THE ANCESTORS

Young Women's Chant

0 2 0 2 0

Ob., Picc. Tpt., Tpt. IV



ff

C — D (02)

Young Women's Chant (variant, extended upward)

0 2 0 2 0 2 0 3 2 0 7 6 4 0

Ob., E.Hn., Tpt., Tbn.

ff

C ————— G (07)
C — D ————— G (027)
C — D — Eb/E — F# — G (02367/02467)

RITUAL ACTION OF THE ANCESTORS

Exotic Melody #1

0 1 2 3 4

E.Hn.

sempre p

E	————	A $\flat$	(04)
E	———	G $\flat$ ———	A $\flat$ (024)
E	— F —	G $\flat$ — G —	A $\flat$ (01234)

Exotic Melody #2

3 6 3 0 4 6 3 0 4 6 3 0 3 2 0 4 6 2 0 3

A. Fl. B. Cl.

p *pp*

A $\flat$	————	D	(06)
A $\flat$	— B ———	D	(036)
A $\flat$	— B — C —	D	(0346)

A $\flat$	————	D	(06)
A $\flat$	———	C $\flat$ — D	(036)
A $\flat$	— B $\flat$ — C $\flat$ —	D	(0236)

Exotic Melody #3 (Craft: “snake charming”)

2 3 5 3 2 0 2 3 5 UN 5 UN 5 3 2 0 2 3 5 3 2 0

A. Fl.

p

B	————	E	(05)
B	— C $\sharp$ —	D — E	(0235)

Sentence of Doom

5 3 5 3 2 0 2 3 0 0 3 5 3 5 3 2 0 2 3 0

Tpt. (muted)

G# ————— C# (05)
G# — A# — B — C# (0235)

Circle Dance for Old Men

1 4 3 0 1 4 3 2 1 0

Ob., E.Hn., Bsn.,
Tbn., Vln., Vla., Vc. *ten.*

sf sf f p sf sf f cresc.

E# ————— A (04)
E# — F# ————— G# — A (0134)
E# — F# — G — G# — A (01234)

SACRIFICIAL DANCE

The Chosen One's Cry

Musical notation for 'The Chosen One's Cry' in treble clef, 3/16 time. The melody is marked *sempre f*. The notation includes a fermata over the first measure and a key signature change to one sharp (F#) in the final measure.

Vln. I, Ob.

sempre f

C	—	E	(04)
C	—	D - E	(024)
C - C#	-	D - E	(0124)

The Chosen One's Fanfare (also transposed to A-C-E at the end)

Musical notation for 'The Chosen One's Fanfare' in treble clef, 3/16 time. The notation includes a fermata over the first measure and a key signature change to one sharp (F#) in the final measure. The melody is marked *sempre f*.

Picc., Flute, Eb Cl.

Vln., Ob., E. Hn.

sempre f

D	—	A	(07)
D — F —	A	(037)	

Fatality Motive (also many other transposition levels)

Musical notation for 'Fatality Motive' in treble clef, 3/8 time. The melody is marked *f marc.* and includes a fermata over the first measure.

f marc.

Bb	—	C	(02)
Bb — B —	C	(012)	

Final Judgment

Musical notation for 'Final Judgment' in treble clef, 4/4 time. The notation includes a fermata over the first measure and a key signature change to one sharp (F#) in the final measure. The melody is marked *f marc.*.

Hn.

*Tpt., Vln.

Vln.

f marc.

Ab	—	D	(06)
Ab — Bb — C —	D	(0246)	

Final Judgment (variant)

3 2 0 3 5

Tpt., Vln.

f

A $\flat$ ————— D $\flat$ (05)
A $\flat$ — B $\flat$ — C $\flat$ — D $\flat$ (0235)

Detailed description: The musical notation is for a trumpet and violin part. It is in 2/4 time with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The melody consists of five notes: A-flat, B-flat, C-flat, D-flat, and E-flat. The first four notes are beamed together, and the fifth note is a half note. The dynamic marking is *f* (forte).

The Chosen One's Final Cry (three versions)

3 1 0

Hn.

mp

F $\sharp$ ————— A (03)
F $\sharp$ — G — A (013)

Detailed description: The musical notation is for a horn part. It is in 3/16 time with a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp). The melody consists of three notes: F-sharp, G, and A. The first two notes are beamed together, and the third note is a half note. The dynamic marking is *mp* (mezzo-piano).

4 3 1 0

F $\sharp$ ————— B $\flat$ (04)
F $\sharp$ — G — A — B $\flat$ (0134)

Detailed description: The musical notation is for a horn part. It is in 3/16 time with a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp). The melody consists of four notes: F-sharp, G, A, and B-flat. The first three notes are beamed together, and the fourth note is a half note.

6 4 3 1 0

F $\sharp$ ————— C (06)
F $\sharp$ ————— A ————— C (036)
F $\sharp$ — G — A — B $\flat$ — C (01346)

Detailed description: The musical notation is for a horn part. It is in 3/16 time with a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp). The melody consists of five notes: F-sharp, G, A, B-flat, and C. The first four notes are beamed together, and the fifth note is a half note.